

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

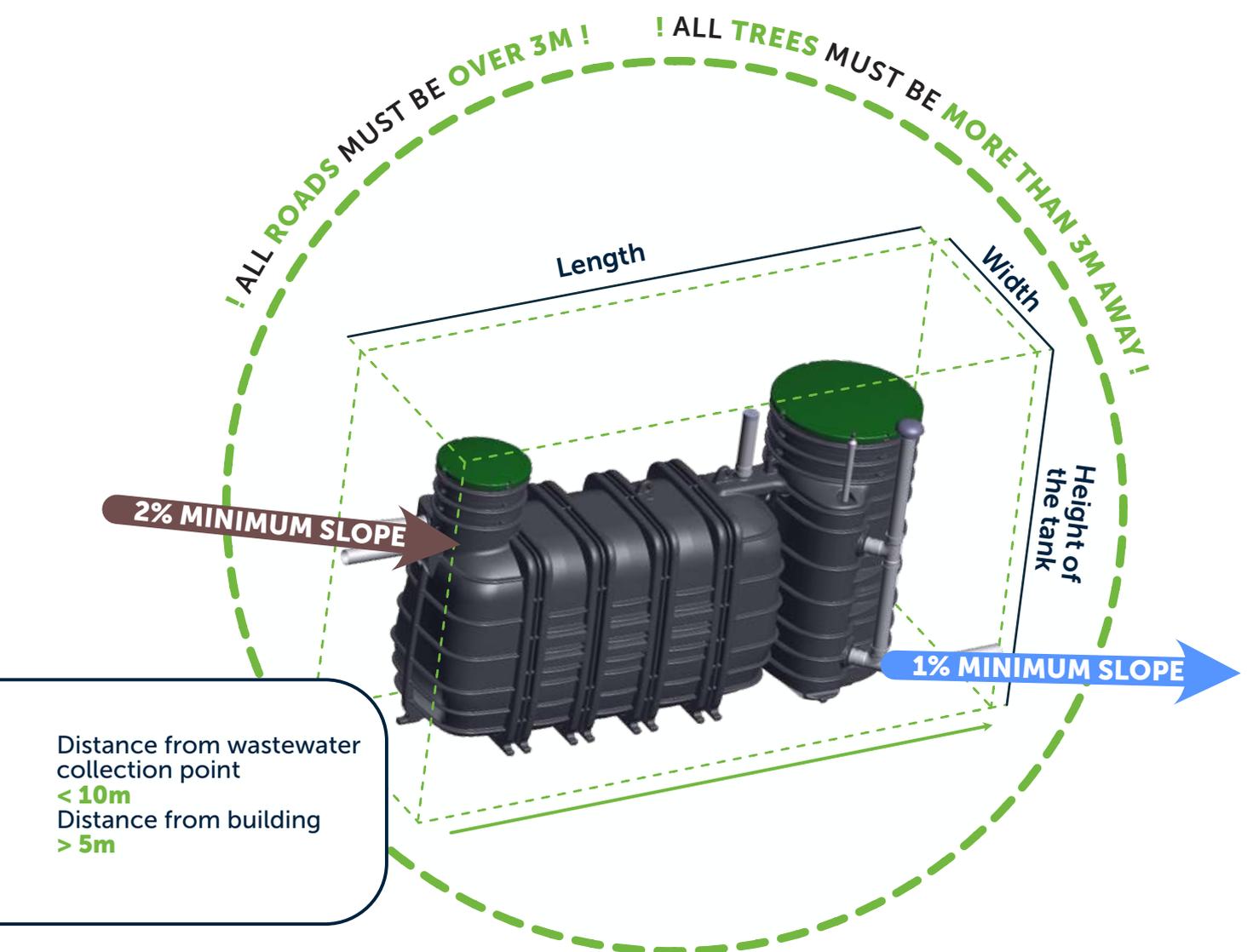
MONOBLOCK V3

This mini guide is not a substitute for the User's Guide.

SUMMARY

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	2
LIFTING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS	3
HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS AND VENTILATION	4
GENERAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	5
INSTALLATION IN DRY GROUND	6
INSTALLATION IN WETLANDS	7
INSTALLATION IN DIFFICULT TERRAIN	8
OPTIONS	9

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



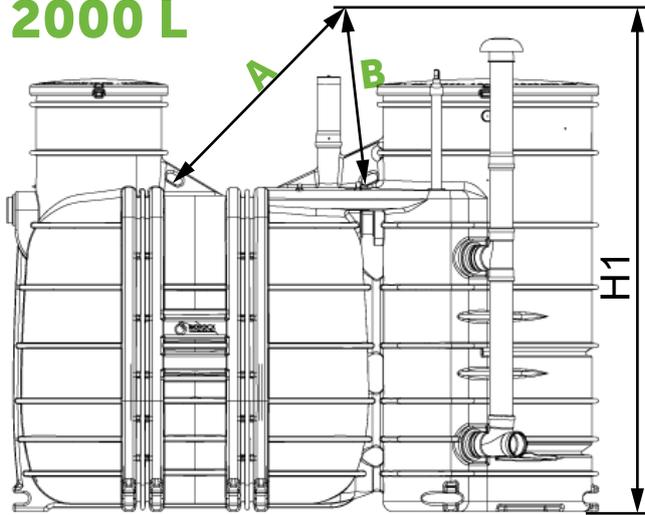
	MONOBLOCK-2	MONOBLOCK-3
Length	2800 mm	3795 mm
Width	1200 mm	1150 mm
Total height	2000 mm	2000 mm
Minimum area of the excavation	6,12 m ²	7,69 m ²
Installation volume	12,24 m ³	15,38 m ³

3

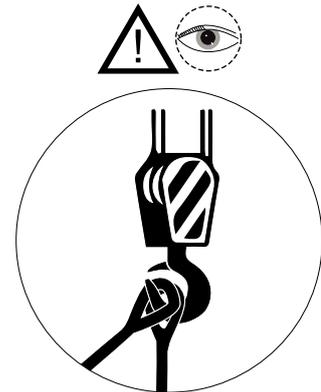
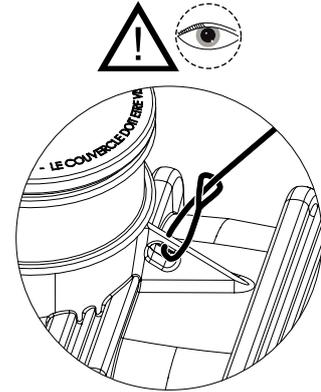
LIFTING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

- ✓ Lifting rings are located on top of each tank, allowing crane lifting with the slings provided.
- ✓ Tanks should be handled, transported and stored carefully after delivery to prevent damage. Horizontality of the tank should be maintained during handling.

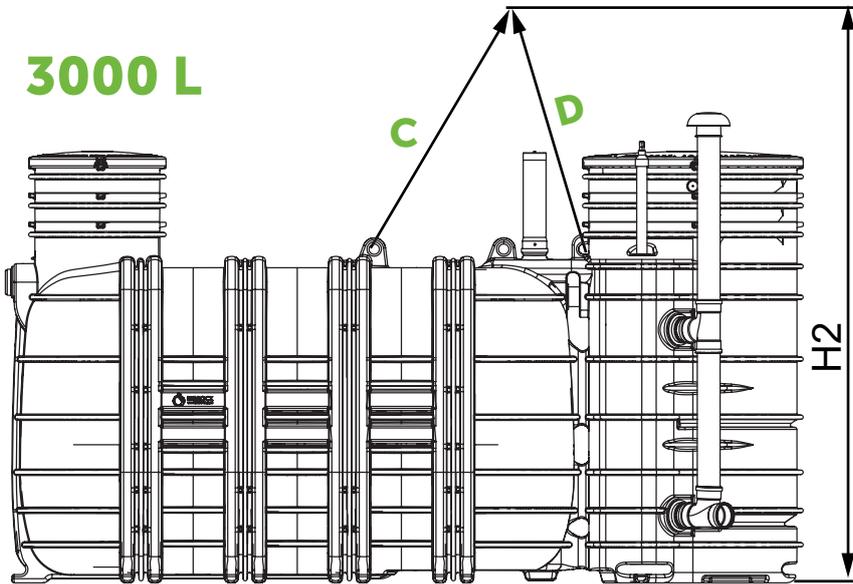
2000 L



Total weight: 298 kg



3000 L



Total weight: 395 kg

SLINGS



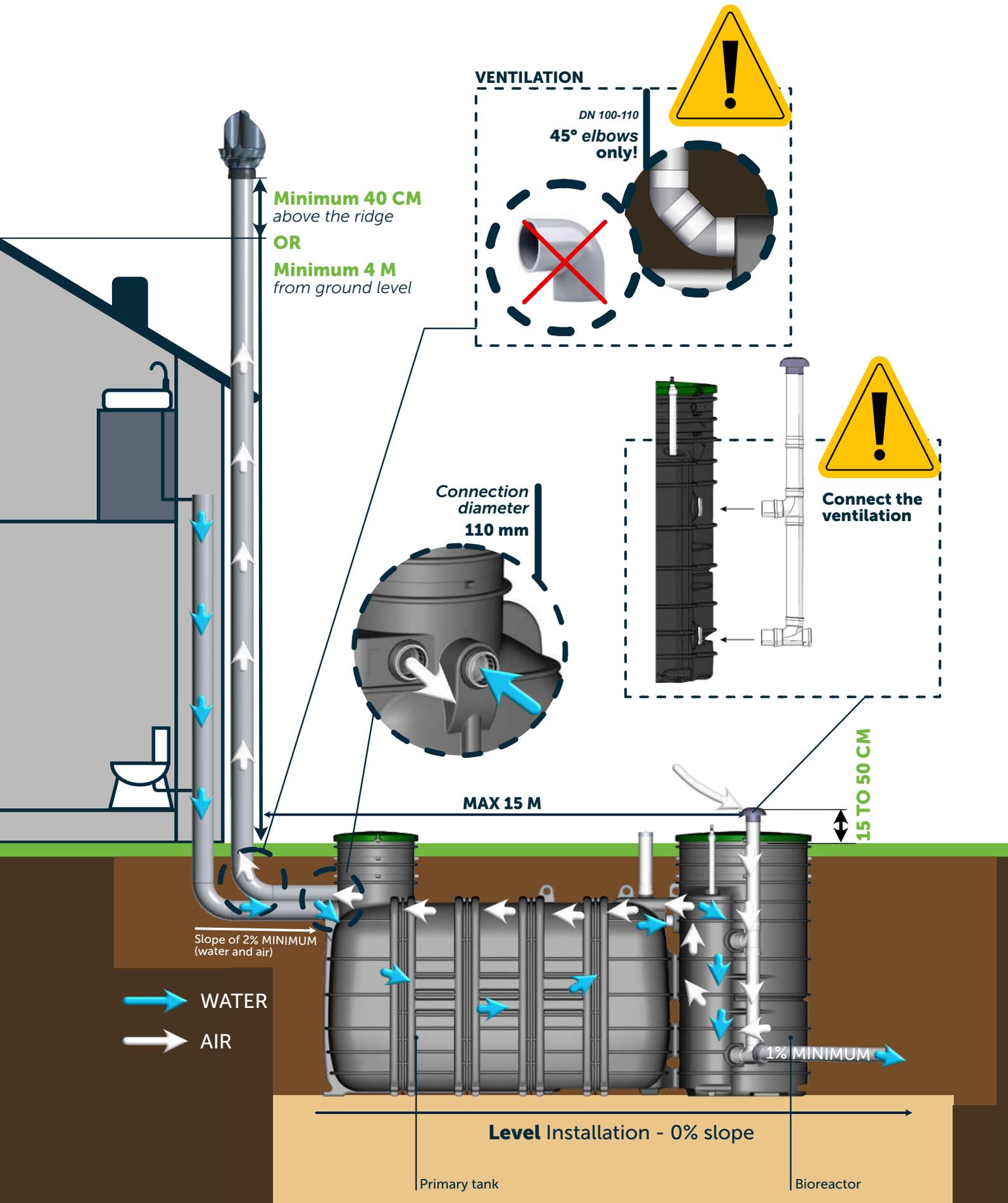
Maximum working load = 500 Kg	Lg	A	1190 mm	H1	< 2450 mm
		B	850 mm		
		C	1450 mm	H2	< 3000 mm
		D	1450 mm		

PACKING



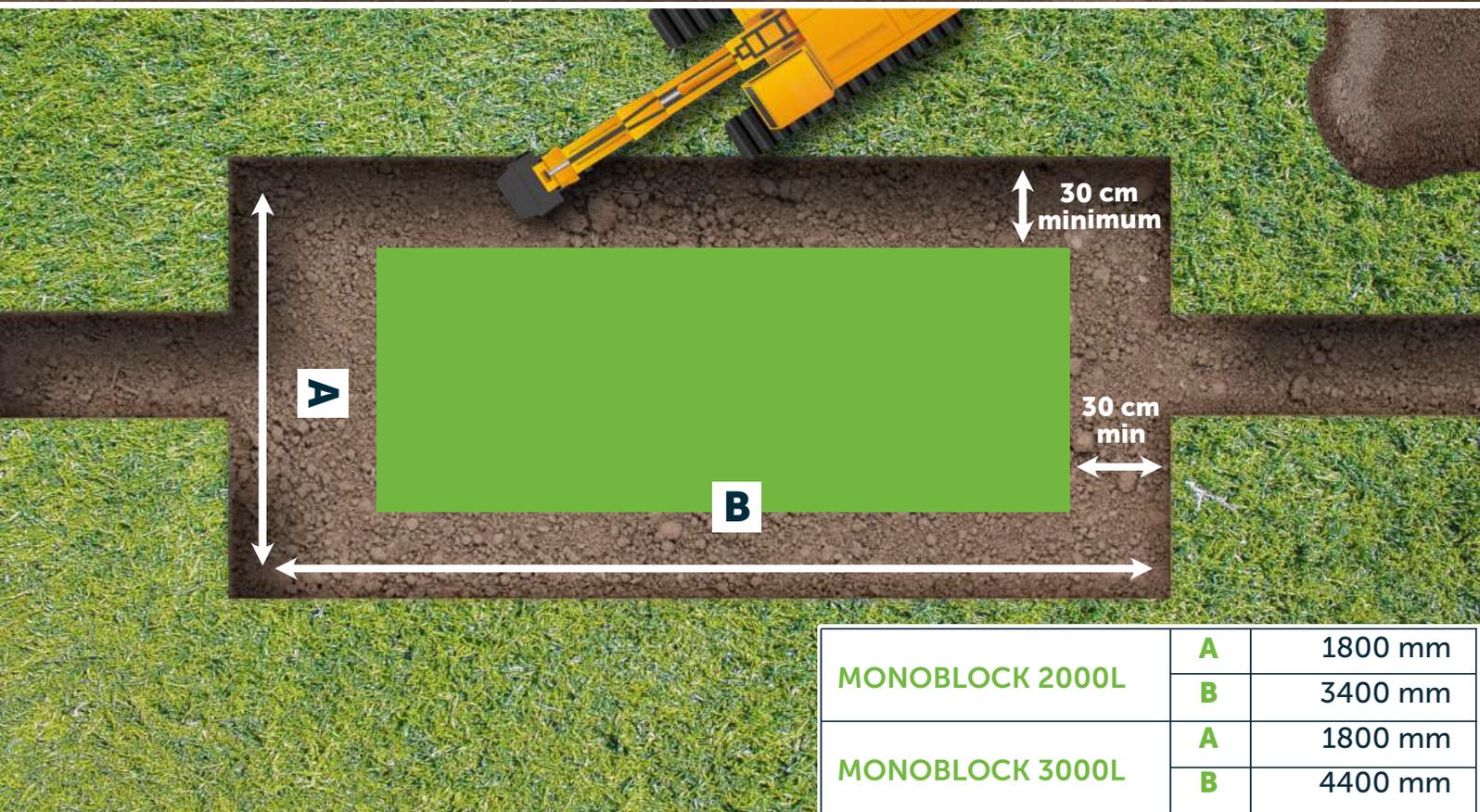
Ventilation kit in the treatment unit (+ connection kit if pump shaft)

HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS AND VENTILATION



GENERAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

EXCAVATION



The excavation must be located at least 5m from any building and 3m from roads, trees and property lines.

6 INSTALLATION IN DRY GROUND

- ✓ Sound soil of good bearing capacity
- ✓ Absence of water at the invert of the structures

INSTALLATION STEPS

1- After excavation, **stabilize the bottom of the dig with a 10 to 30 cm layer of sand**, or gravel of 6 mm maximum. Carefully compact this first layer and make sure the surface is level.



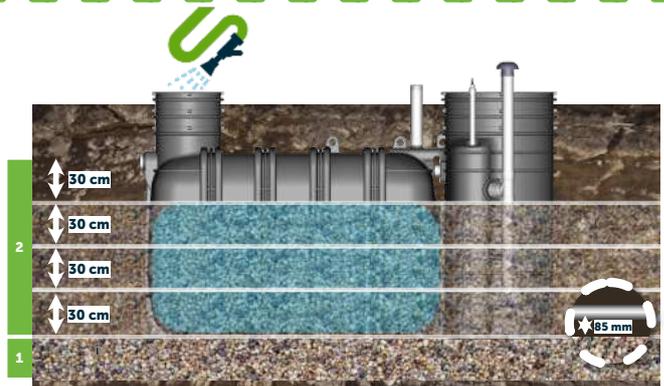
Sound material with a grain size of 4 to 6 mm sand, gravel, etc.
Thickness of the bottom of the excavation : 10 - 30 cm



2 - After placing the tank and connecting the ventilation kit, **backfill in 30 cm increments while simultaneously filling the primary tank with clear water**. Compact manually between each section.



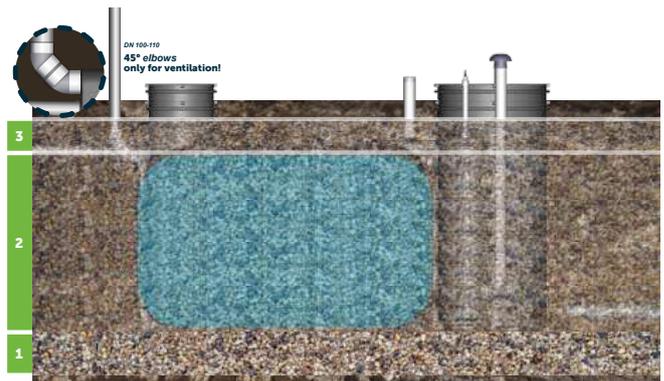
Alternating water filling and compaction
No mechanical compaction



3 - When the backfill level reaches just below the level of the hydraulic and ventilation connections, **make the connections. Backfill to 20 cm under the lids and compact**.



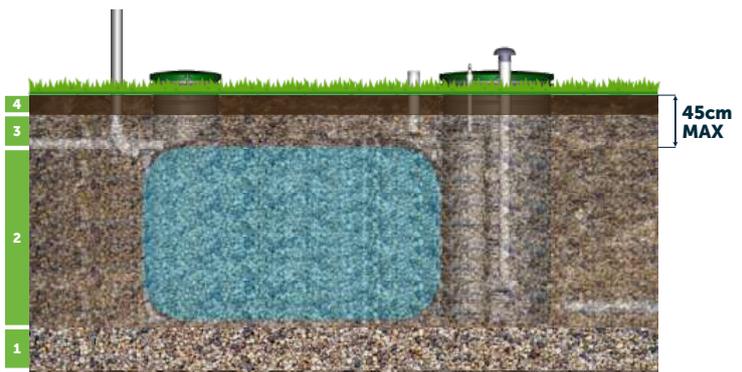
Ventilation: 45° elbows only



4 - To finalize the installation, **backfill the surface to a height of 20 cm** using the excavated topsoil, **previously cleared of any stony or sharp elements**, then position and secure the lids.



Never exceed 45 cm of backfill height on the tank (including topsoil).
Use of additional extensions: See recommendations in § 3.7 of the User's Guide.



7 INSTALLATION IN WETLANDS

- ✓ Wet land, presence of groundwater
- ✓ Presence or variation of water table



Water level < water level of the installation

INSTALLATION STEPS

1- After excavation, **stabilize the bottom of the excavation with a minimum 20 cm layer of reinforced concrete invert** on a geotextile mat. Carefully compact this first layer and make sure the surface is level.



Characteristics of the concrete slab to be determined by a Design Office



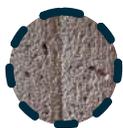
2 - To anchor the tank, place **2x 1 cm diameter Tor iron** around it, at the level of the brackets. Place the tank on the bottom of the excavation, making sure that it is **level**. Finally, pour **10 cm of concrete** to enclose the Tor Irons.



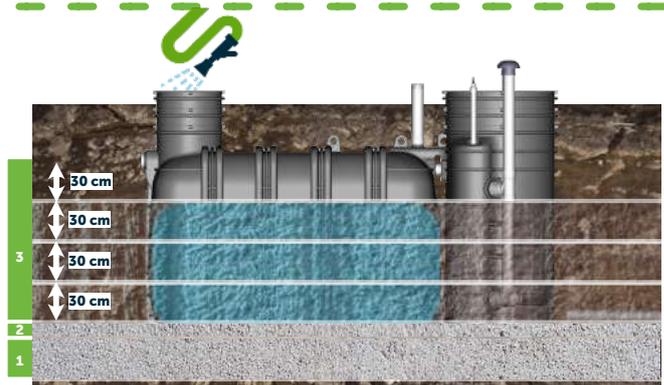
Connect the hydraulic and ventilation outlets in a watertight manner once the concrete is dry.



3 - Backfill in **30 cm increments** while **simultaneously filling the primary tank with clean water**. Compact **manually** between each slice.



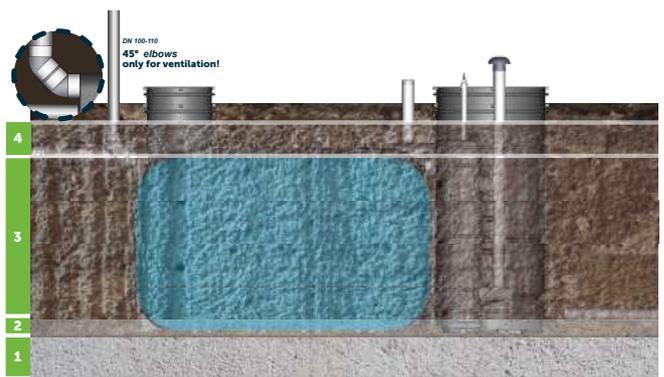
Sound material of stabilized sand Sand 0-4 with cement, dosed at 200kg of cement per m³



4 - When the backfill level reaches just below the level of the hydraulic and ventilation connections, **make the connections**. **Backfill to 20 cm under the lids and compact.**



Ventilation: 45° elbows only



5 - Same step as step 4 page 6 of the dry ground installation

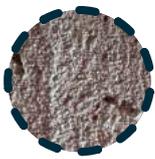
8

INSTALLATION IN DIFFICULT TERRAIN

✓ Difficult terrain: presence of clays, rocks, etc.

INSTALLATION STEPS

1- After excavation, stabilize the bottom of the dig with a 30 cm layer of stabilized sand. Carefully compact this first layer and make sure the surface is level.



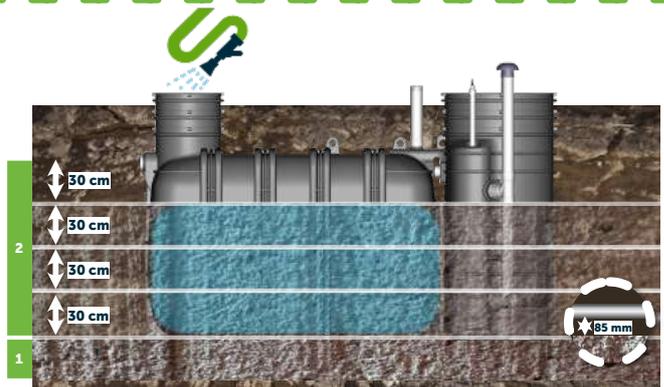
Sound material of stabilized sand
Sand 0-4 with cement, dosed at 200kg of cement per m³
Thickness of the bottom of the excavation: 10-30 cm



2 - Backfill in 30 cm increments while simultaneously filling the primary tank with clean water. Compact manually between each slice.



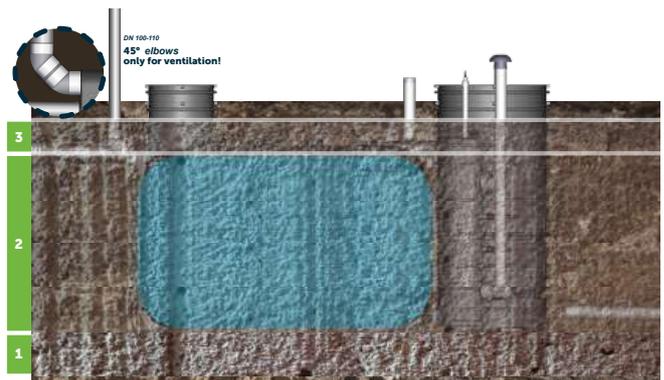
Alternating water filling and compaction
No mechanical compaction



3 - When the backfill level reaches just below the level of the hydraulic and ventilation connections, make the connections. Backfill to 20 cm under the lids and compact.



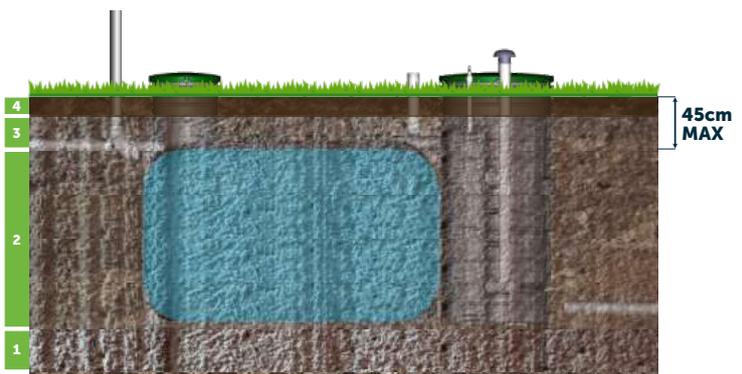
Ventilation: 45° elbows only



4 - To finalize the installation, backfill the surface to a height of 20 cm using the excavated topsoil, previously cleared of any stony or sharp elements, then position and secure the covers.

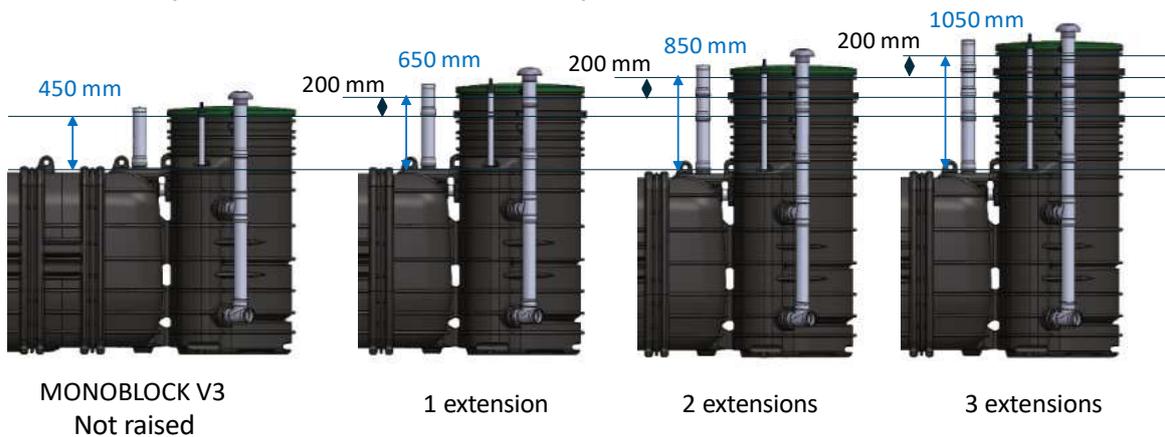


Never exceed 45 cm of backfill height on the tank (including topsoil).
Use of additional extensions: See recommendations in § 3.7. of the User's Guide.



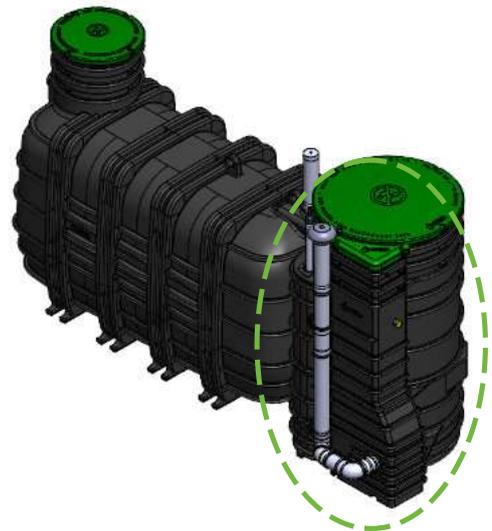
EXTENSIONS

- ✓ It is possible to raise the MONOBLOCK V3 tank by adding 3 polyethylene extensions of 200 mm high each. (Provide a distribution slab).
- ✓ The installation in the presence of extensions must be submitted to a specialized design office to determine the implementation and installation methods. (Cf § 3.7. of the User's Guide)



TRIANGLE PUMP SHAFT

- ✓ It is possible to combine the MONOBLOCK V3 with the triangle pump shaft to obtain a high outlet.
- ✓ This station is CE marked EN-12050-2.



BURIED INSTALLATION

- ✓ It is possible to envisage a buried assimilated installation of the MONOBLOCK V3 by recreating the conditions of a burial, in order to respect the structural constraints of the tank.
- ✓ The principle must be validated by a specialized engineering office (Cf § 3.6.2 of the User's Guide).



BIOROCK

www.biorock.com

info@biorock.com